

WORD BUILDING

1. Complete the table.

Noun	Verb	Adjective
<i>decision</i>	<i>Decide</i>	<i>decisive</i>
<i>departure</i>	<i>depart</i>	<i>Departed/ departing</i>
<i>information</i>	<i>inform</i>	<i>informative</i>
<i>leak</i>	<i>leak</i>	<i>leaking</i>
<i>difference</i>	<i>differ</i>	<i>different</i>

NOUN SUFFIXES

2. Add a noun suffix to each of the words below. Then and complete the sentences with the nouns you formed.

curious • assist • agree • entertain • friend • responsible • celebrate • piano

1. I can't do all this work without some **assistance**
2. Our **friendship** began five years ago.
3. It's your **responsibility** to clean the kitchen.
4. We couldn't reach an **agreement** on the price.
5. Children learn easily because of their natural **curiosity** .
6. The **wedding** celebration lasted all night.
7. Helen is a talented **pianist** .
8. What do you like doing for **entertainment** ?

Choose the correct answer to each question.

1. Where do you see billboards?
next to roads / in houses / on TV
2. What kind of transport is used for a cruise?
a plane / a train / **a ship**
3. What will sink in water?
a stone / a feather / a leaf
4. Who usually conducts research?
a chef / **a scientist** / a construction worker
5. What causes the most damage to the environment?
plants / animals / **people**
6. Which weather conditions are the most treacherous?
hurricanes / humidity / chilly winds

Read the sentences in I. Then match the underlined words to their definitions in II.

1. Our main purpose in this course is to improve our English. **aim, goal**
2. Please keep in mind that you must arrive on time. **remember**
3. Most smokers are aware of the fact that smoking is dangerous. **conscious of**
4. It's good to achieve a balance between work and fun. **equilibrium**
5. His parents have been quite concerned about him lately. **worried**

Add a noun suffix to each of the following words.

decide • dark • differ • relation • inform • possible • appoint • environmental

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the nouns you formed in the previous exercise.

1. There's a big **difference** between first and second class tickets.
2. Is there any **possibility** of booking a room for tonight?
3. Have you made an **appointment** with the doctor?
4. They've made a **decision** about the dates of their trip.
5. **Environmentalists** are concerned about the balance of nature in Antarctica.
6. I'd like some **information** about the train to London.
7. My sister and I have a rather stormy **relationship**
8. When we arrived, the hotel was in complete **darkness**

Complete the following sentences by adding a noun suffix to the words in brackets.

Amazing hotels

If you are looking for excitement (excite) on your next holiday, try staying at an unusual hotel. One **possibility** (possible) is the Mammot Hotel in Kemi, Finland, built entirely of snow and ice. If you prefer warmth, try the Ariaui Towers in the Brazilian rainforest. The hotel's **construction** (construct) follows the local way of building - all rooms are high in the treetops. The Malmaison Hotel in Oxford, England, was once a prison. Most rooms are in converted cells - the **thickness** (thick) of their steel doors makes quite an **impression** (impress)! Wherever you travel, if you seek the different and the unique, you'll find it.

Complete the sentences by adding a suitable noun suffix to the words in brackets. Make any necessary changes.

1. Your **friendship** is important to me. (friend)
2. There's a **possibility** it may rain. (possible)
3. He made a good **impression** (impress)
4. There is **sadness** in the man's eyes. (sad)
5. Have you reached an **agreement** yet? (agree)
6. Don't worry about your **appearance** (appear)
7. He is an excellent **guitarist** (guitar)

Complete the passage by adding a suitable noun or adjective suffix to the words in brackets.

Enjoying Time in Airports

In recent years, airports have become very **stressful** (stress) places where passengers face long queues, delays and lost luggage. In addition, there now seems to be little **difference** (differ) between the terminal of a **typical** (type) airport and a crowded, noisy shopping centre. But airports in some cities - including Paris, Amsterdam and San Francisco - offer travellers a quieter alternative: art museums. Some feature work by contemporary local **artists** (art), while others make **arrangements** (arrange) with major museums that allow them to borrow important works of art for special **exhibitions** (exhibit). **Information** (inform) about airport museums is available online - so why not look it up before your next flight?

Pay attention to the underlined words and choose a logical ending for each sentence.

1. On an overnight trip, you stay for
a. several nights
b. one night
2. If you buy a return ticket,
a. you don't plan to come back
b. you plan to come back
3. If your train is delayed, it will leave
a. late
b. on time
4. Your departure time is the time you
a. leave
b. arrive
5. If you go abroad, you
a. go to another country
b. tour in your own country
6. If you need accommodation, you want

- a. a way to travel
- 7. A passenger is a person
 - a. travelling on a bus, plane, train or ship
 - b. a place to stay
- b. sleeping at a hotel or a youth hostel

The dialogue below takes place at an airport. Complete it with the words below.

queue • youth hostel • flight • airline • luggage

A: "Can I help you, miss?"

B: I hope so! My hasn't **luggage** arrived. I've also been waiting in this **queue** for half an hour!

A: I'm sorry, Miss. What was your **flight** number?

B: It was flight 938, from Brussels.

A: They must have left your bag there. Where will you be staying?

B: At the **youth hostel** in town.

A: Alright. We'll deliver it as soon as it arrives.

B: And what am I supposed to do in the meantime? I think your **airline** owes me an apology!

Match the verbs in I to a word or phrase in II to form expressions

- | | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. stay | b. at a hotel / at a youth hostel |
| 2. go | a. on holiday |
| 3. hire | d. a car |
| 4. go | e. sightseeing |
| 5. book | c. a ticket / a room |

Use the expressions in the previous exercise to complete the sentences below.

1. I don't want to take buses. Let's **hire a car**
2. Young people who haven't got the money for hotels often **stay at a youth hostel**
3. Where are you planning to **go on holiday** this summer?
4. I'd love to **go sightseeing** today. What is there to see around here?
5. Hello, I'd like to **book a room** for the night of 20th July.

Complete the passage with the words and phrases below.

luggage • accommodation • airlines • departure time • flight • passengers • delayed • overnight

Sleeping in an airport isn't the most conformable form of **accommodation**, but it's becoming more common. If your **departure time** is 4 am, it's hardly worth the money to book a hotel for the night. And what if you get to the airport only to find that your **flight** has been **delayed**? In the past, **airlines** provided free hotels for **passengers** when this happened, but nowadays this is rare. However, sleeping at an airport doesn't have to be torture. The Mini Motel, created by business traveller Frank Giotto after an **overnight** stay at a German airport, weighs only two kilos and is small enough to fit into your **luggage**. It's a one-person tent complete with air mattress, pillow, reading light and alarm clock.

Choose the sentence that best follows the original.

Many budget airlines charge an extra fee for luggage.

a. For this reason, some people take their own food on flights.

b. That's why some people travel with small bags only.

2. The two passengers were badly injured in the accident.

a. Both of them had been driving too fast.

b. They were both in the back seat of the car.

3. I wasn't aware of the problem.

a. I'm glad you told me.

b. I didn't think it was so serious.

4. I was delayed by traffic yesterday.

a. I hadn't expected the roads to be so empty.

b. I missed the beginning of the ceremony.

5. Keep in mind that Pierre isn't fluent in English.

- a. **He may have misunderstood what you said.**
- b. It is not something you need to think about.
- 6. The departure time is 15:00.
- a. **However, we must be at the station early to buy tickets.**
- b. Let's be on time to meet Lena when she gets off the train.

Complete the dialogue with the words and phrases below.

go sightseeing • flights • airline • book a room • return ticket • hotel
accommodation • youth hostel • go abroad • holiday

Susan: How about going to Greece for our summer holiday? There are **flights** to Athens now for only £79!

Michelle: That's such a low price. It must be only for one way.

Susan: No, it's definitely a **return ticket**

Michelle: Which **airline** is offering that?

Susan: It's called Wings. Let's go online and book seats!

Michelle: Great! I've always wanted to go on **holiday** to Greece! Where do you think we should stay?

Susan: I'm sure we can get cheap **accommodation** _ maybe we can stay at a **youth hostel** rather than at a fancy **hotel**

Michelle: Great idea. Let's try to **book a room** online.

Susan: Do you think we will need a car? *Michelle:* No. We won't need one. We'll be able to **go sightseeing** on foot or by bus.

Susan: You're right. OK. Let's do it. Let's make arrangements to **go abroad** this summer!